NIDEC MOTOR CORPORATION

8050 WEST FLORISSANT AVE.
ST. LOUIS, MO 63136

DATE: 4/20/2022

P.O. NO.: BJ62
Order/Line NO.: 17386 MN 100

TO:

Model Number: BJ62
Catalog Number: 8P75P2G
841 Plus Configuration
CONF,MOTOR,841 PLUS

REVISIONS:
(NONE)

ALL DOCUMENTS HEREIN ARE CONSIDERED CERTIFIED BY NIDEC MOTOR CORPORATION.
THANK YOU FOR YOUR ORDER AND THE OPPORTUNITY TO SERVE YOU.

Features:

```
Horsepower ..............  00075.00 ~ KW: 55.95
Enclosure ...............  TEFC
Poles ...................  04 ~ RPM: 1800
Frame Size ..............  365~T
Phase/Frequency/Voltage..  3~060~575 ~ Random Wound
Service Factor ..........  1.15
Insulation Class ........  Class "F" ~ Insulife 2000
Altitude In Feet (Max) ..  3300 Ft.(1000 M)
Ambient In Degree C (Max)  +40 C
Assembly Position .......  "F-1" Assembly Position
Efficiency Class ........  Premium Efficiency
Application .............  Unknown
Customer Part Number ....
"AK" Dimension (Inches)..  NA
Temperature Rise (Sine Wave): "B" Rise @ 1.0 SF (Resist)
Starting Method .........  Direct-On-Line Start
Duty Cycle ..............  Continuous Duty
Efficiency Value ........  94.1 % ~ Typical
Load Inertia (lb-ft2): NEMA ~ NEMA Inertia: 338.00 ~ 1.00
Number Of Starts Per Hour: NEMA
Motor Type Code .........  CE
Rotor Inertia (LB-FT²)          15.8 LB-FT²
Qty. of Bearings PE (Shaft)     1
Qty. of Bearings SE (OPP)       1
Bearing Number PE (Shaft)       65BC03J3
Bearing Number SE (OPP)         65BC03J3
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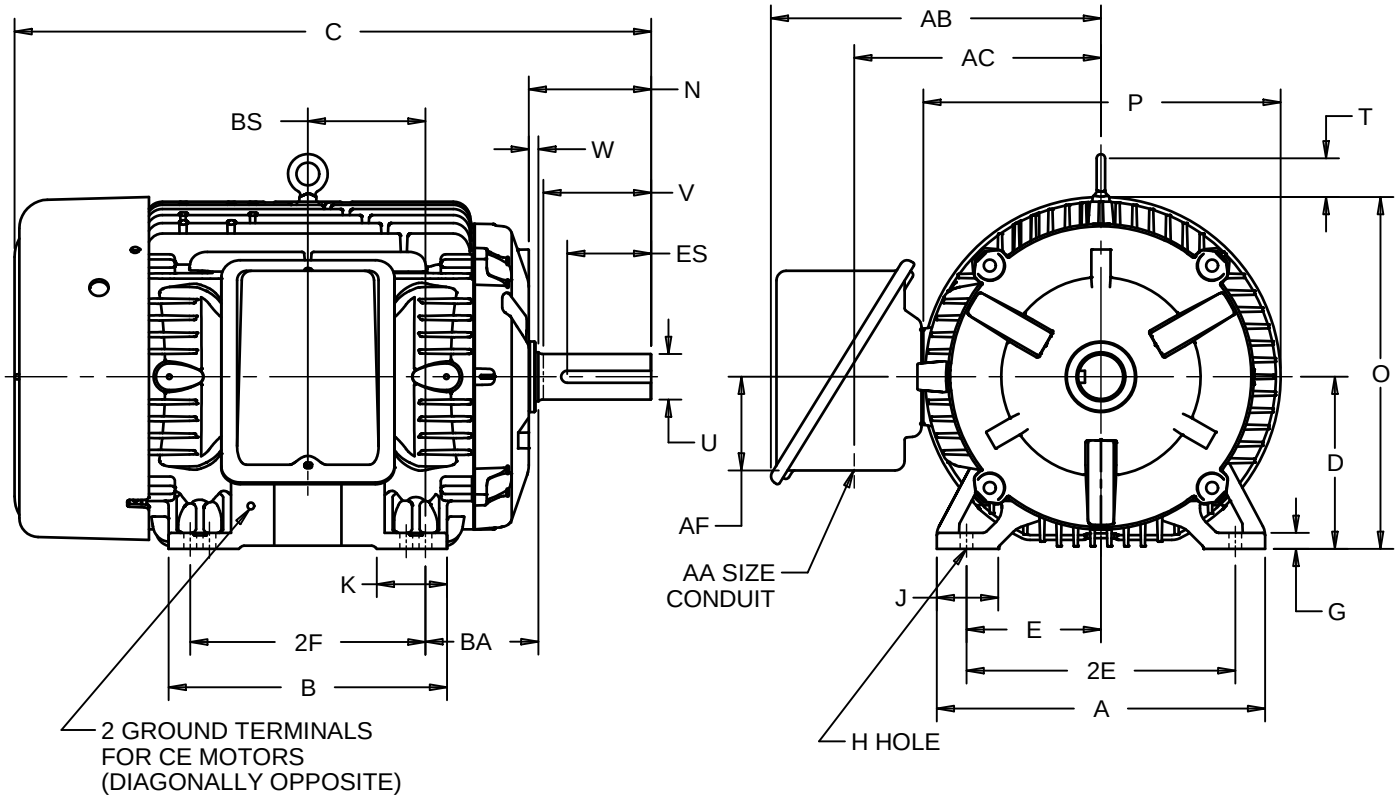
Accessories:

Corro-Duty
Ground Lug In Conduit Box
Precision Balance
Standard Leadtime: REFER TO OFFICE
Est. Weight (lbs ea): 900 ~ F.O.B.: St. Louis, MO

USE THE DATA PROVIDED BELOW TO SELECT THE APPROPRIATE DIMENSION PRINT

Horsepower	75
Pole(s)	04
Voltage(s)	575
Frame Size	365T
Shaft U Diameter	2.375
Outlet Box AF	4.88
Outlet Box AA	3.00

EFFECTIVE: 18-SEP-14	DIMENSION PRINT	PRINT: 07-2139
SUPERSEDES: 15-NOV-11	FRAME: 360T BASIC TYPE: TC, CE	SHEET: 1 OF 1



ALL DIMENSIONS ARE IN INCHES AND MILLIMETERS

	UNITS	A	B	C	D -.06	E	2E +.03	G	H +.05	J	K	N	N-W
	IN	17.13	14.50	33.16	9.00	7.00	14.00	0.84	.66	3.25	3.25	6.38	5.88
	MM	435	368	842	229	178	356	21	17	83	83	162	149

	UNITS	O	P^2	T	U -.001	V MIN	W	AA	AB	AC	AF	BA ± .09	BS
	IN	18.38	18.94	2.25	2.375	5.62	0.50	3 NPT	17.38	12.88	4.88	5.88	6.13
	MM	467	481	57	60.33	143	13		441	327	124	149	156

	UNITS	ES MIN	SQ. KEY
	IN	4.28	0.625
	MM	109	15.88

	FRAME	UNITS	2F ±.03
	364T	IN	11.25
		MM	286
	365T	IN	12.25
		MM	311

1: ALL ROUGH CASTING DIMENSIONS MAY VARY .25" DUE TO CASTING AND/OR FABRICATION VARIATIONS.
2: LARGEST MOTOR WIDTH.
3: TOLERANCES ARE SHOWN IN INCHES.

4: CONDUIT BOX MAY BE LOCATED ON EITHER SIDE OF MOTOR. CONDUIT OPENINGS MAY BE LOCATED IN STEPS OF 90 DEGREES REGARDLESS OF LOCATION. STANDARD AS SHOWN WITH CONDUIT OPENING DOWN.

Nidec Motor Corporation
St. Louis, Missouri

ISSUED BY	R. KING
APPROVED BY	J. O'BRIEN

NAMEPLATE DATA

CATALOG NUMBER:	8P75P2G		NAMEPLATE PART #:	422698-002	
MODEL	BJ62	FR	365T	TYPE	CE	ENCL	TE
SHAFT END BRG	65BC03J3 - QTY 1		OPP END BRG	65BC03J3 - QTY 1	
PH	3	MAX AMB	40 C	ID#			
INSUL CLASS	F	Asm. Pos.	F1	DUTY	CONT		

HP	75	RPM	1785	HP		RPM	
VOLTS	575			VOLTS			
FL AMPS	68.0			FL AMPS			
SF AMPS	78.0			SF AMPS			
SF	1.15	DESIGN	B	CODE	G		
NEMA NOM EFFICIENCY	95.4	NOM PF	87.2	KiloWatt	55.950		
GUARANTEED EFFICIENCY	94.5	MAX KVAR	14.4	HZ	60		

SF		DESIGN		CODE	
NEMA NOM EFFICIENCY		NOM PF			
GUARANTEED EFFICIENCY		MAX KVAR		HZ	

HAZARDOUS LOCATION DATA (IF APPLICABLE):

DIVISION		CLASS I		GROUP I	
TEMP CODE		CLASS II		GROUP II	

841 PLUS®
Meets IEEE® 841 Standard
NEMA® MG-1, Part 31, and Intent of GM7E-TA
IP55
483941-000
NEMA Premium®
INVERTER GRADE® Insulation

VFD DATA (IF APPLICABLE):

VOLTS		AMPS	
TORQUE 1		TORQUE 2	
VFD LOAD TYPE 1		VFD LOAD TYPE 2	
VFD HERTZ RANGE 1		VFD HERTZ RANGE 2	
VFD SPEED RANGE 1		VFD SPEED RANGE 2	
SERVICE FACTOR		FL SLIP	
NO. POLES	4	MAGNETIZING AMPS	17.0
VECTOR MAX RPM		Encoder PPR	
Radians / Seconds	1	Encoder Volts	

TEAO DATA (IF APPLICABLE):

HP (AIR OVER)		HP (AIR OVER M/S)		RPM (AIR OVER)		RPM (AIR OVER M/S)	
FPM AIR VELOCITY		FPM AIR VELOCITY M/S		FPM AIR VELOCITY SEC			

ADDITIONAL NAMEPLATE DATA:

Decal / Plate	WD=499495	Customer PN	
Notes		Non Rev Ratchet	
Max Temp Rise	80C RISE/RES@1.00SF	OPP/Upper Oil Cap	GREASE
Thermal (WDG)		SHAFT/Lower Oil Cap	GREASE
Altitude		Usable At	
Regulatory Notes		Regulatory Compliance	CC 030A
COS		Marine Duty	
Balance	0.05 IN/SEC	Arctic Duty	
3/4 Load Eff.	95.9	Inrush Limit	
Motor Weight (LBS)	900	Direction of Rotation	
Sound Level		Special Note 1	
Vertical Thrust (LBS)		Special Note 2	
Thrust Percentage		Special Note 3	
Bearing Life		Special Note 4	
Starting Method		Special Note 5	
Number of Starts		Special Note 6	
200/208V 60Hz Max Amps		SH Max. Temp.	
190V 50 hz Max Amps		SH Voltage	
380V 50 Hz Max Amps		SH Watts	
NEMA Inertia		Load Inertia	
Sumpheater Voltage		Sumpheater Wattage	
Special Accessory Note 1		Special Accessory Note 16	
Special Accessory Note 2		Special Accessory Note 17	
Special Accessory Note 3		Special Accessory Note 18	
Special Accessory Note 4		Special Accessory Note 19	
Special Accessory Note 5		Special Accessory Note 20	
Special Accessory Note 6		Special Accessory Note 21	
Special Accessory Note 7		Special Accessory Note 22	
Special Accessory Note 8		Special Accessory Note 23	
Special Accessory Note 9		Special Accessory Note 24	
Special Accessory Note 10		Special Accessory Note 25	
Special Accessory Note 11		Special Accessory Note 26	
Special Accessory Note 12		Special Accessory Note 27	
Special Accessory Note 13		Special Accessory Note 28	
Special Accessory Note 14		Special Accessory Note 29	
Special Accessory Note 15		Special Accessory Note 30	
Heater in C/B Voltage		Heater in C/B Watts	
Zone 2 Group		Division 2 Service Factor	
Note 1		Note 2	
Note 3		Note 4	
Note 5		Note 6	
Note 7		Note 8	
Note 9		Note 10	
Note 11		Note 12	
Note 13		Note 14	
Note 15		Note 16	
Note 17		Note 18	
Note 19		Note 20	
Note 21		Note 22	

NIDEC MOTOR CORPORATION
ST. LOUIS, MO

TYPICAL NAMEPLATE DATA
ACTUAL MOTOR NAMEPLATE LAYOUT MAY VARY
SOME FIELDS MAY BE OMITTED

MOTOR PERFORMANCE

MODEL NO.	CATALOG NO.	PHASE	TYPE	FRAME
BJ62	8P75P2G	3	CE	365T

ORDER NO.	17386	LINE NO.	

MPI:	75040
HP:	75
POLES:	4
VOLTS:	575
HZ:	60
SERVICE FACTOR:	1.15
EFFICIENCY (%):	
S.F.	94.8
FULL	95.4
3/4	95.9
1/2	95.7
1/4	93.7
POWER FACTOR (%):	
S.F.	87.1
FULL	87.2
3/4	86.1
1/2	81.2
1/4	64
NO LOAD	4.7
LOCKED ROTOR	32.3
AMPS:	
S.F.	78
FULL	68
3/4	51
1/2	36
1/4	23.4
NO LOAD	17
LOCKED ROTOR	419.2
NEMA CODE LETTER	G
NEMA DESIGN LETTER	B
FULL LOAD RPM	1785
NEMA NOMINAL / EFFICIENCY (%)	95.4
GUARANTEED EFFICIENCY (%)	94.5
MAX KVAR	14.4
AMBIENT (°C)	40
ALTITUDE (FASL)	3300
SAFE STALL TIME-HOT (SEC)	30
SOUND PRESSURE (DBA @ 1M)	0
TORQUES:	
BREAKDOWN{% F.L.}	218
LOCKED ROTOR{% F.L.}	176
FULL LOAD{LB-FT}	221

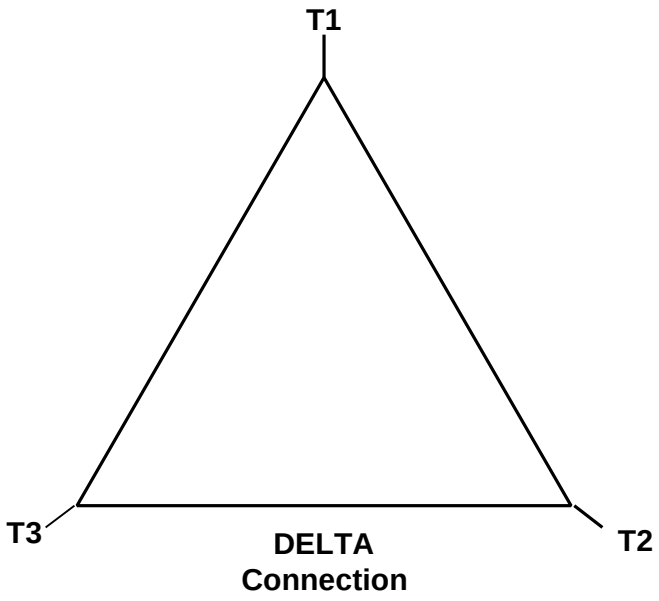
NEMA Nominal and Guaranteed Efficiencies are up to 3,300 feet above sea level and 25 ° C ambient

The Above Data Is Typical, Sinewave Power Unless Noted Otherwise

NIDEC MOTOR CORPORATION
ST. LOUIS, MO

499495

Motor Wiring Diagram



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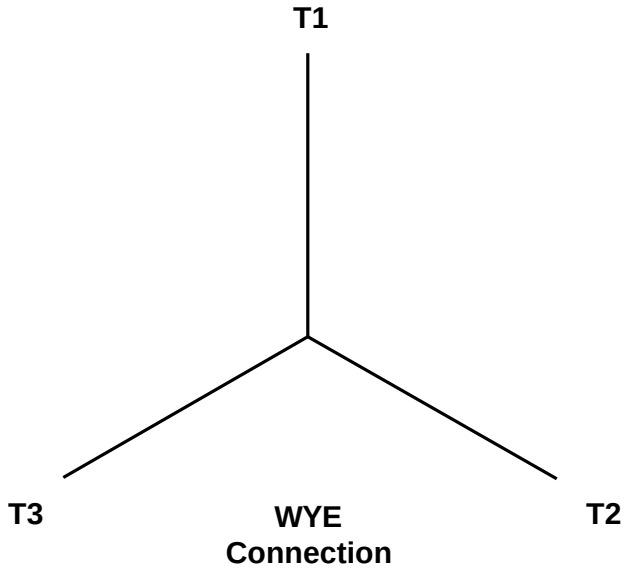
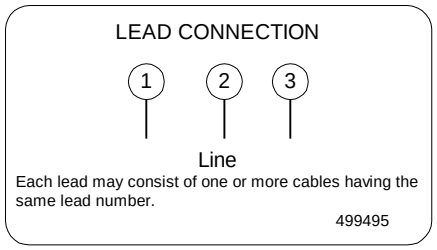




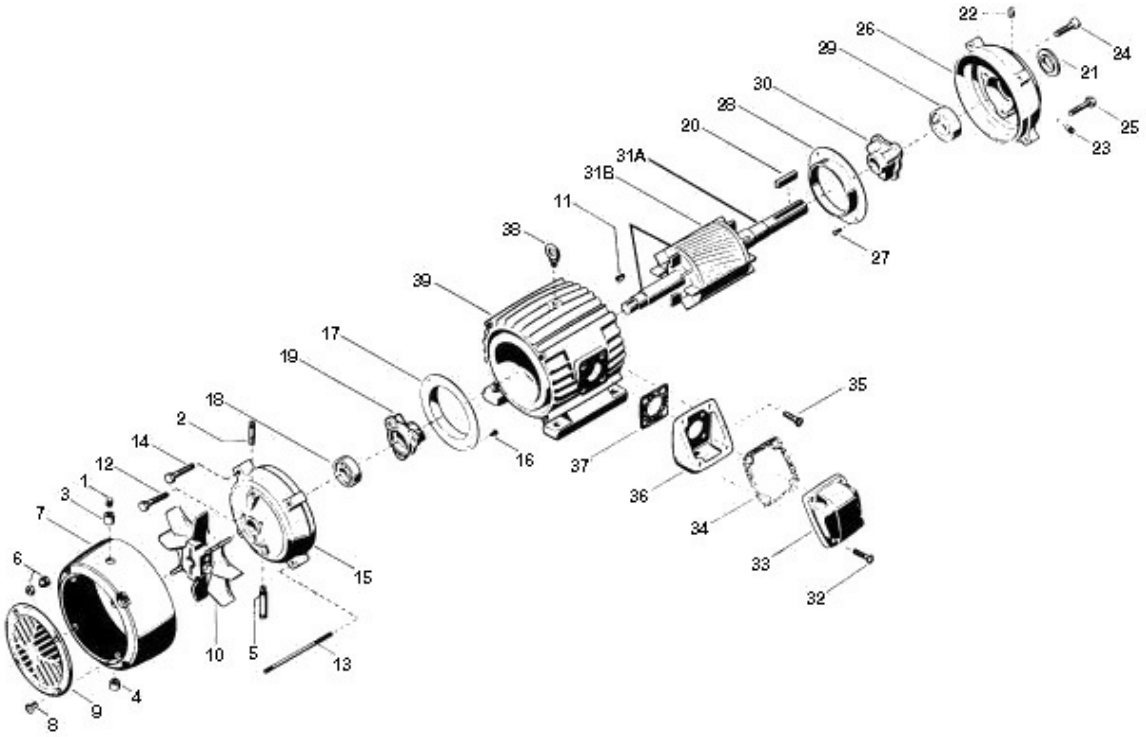
To reverse direction of rotation interchange connections L1 and L2.

Each lead may be comprised of one or more cables.
Each cable will be marked with the appropriate lead number.

EFFECTIVE: 2/27/96
SUPERCEDES: X736618, 96441, 179879, 284138
Connection Plate: 499495
Connection Decal: 912113

RENEWAL PARTS

FRAMES 254T THRU 447T, 449T (WORLD MOTOR) - TOTALLY ENCLOSED AND EXPLOSIONPROOF MOTORS
TYPES: CE, CE1, CE4, CEF, CT, CT1, CT4, CTC, CTE, CTE1, CTE4, CTEF, CTEF1, CTEF4, CTEI, CTEN, CTF, CTF1, CTF4, CTFI, CTFI1, CTFI4, CTFN, CTI, CTI4, CTN, CTNI, EC, ECEI, FCT, FCTF, FCTF1, FCTN, FD, FDF, FDF1, FL, FLC, FLCA, FLCF, FLF, FN, FNC, FTC, FTCF, JAD, JDE, L, L1, L4, LC, LC1, LCA, LCAE, LCE, LCEF, LCEI, LCE1, , LCF, LCFI, LCI, LE, LE1, LE4, LEF, LF, LF1, LF4, LFC, LFI, LI, LN, N, NC, NCE, NCEF, NCF, NCFI, NCI, NE, NF, NN, T, T1, T4, TC, TC1, TC4, TCA, TCE, TCE1, TCE4, TCEF, TCEF4, TCEI, TCEN, TCEP, TCF, TCF1, TCFI, TCI, TCI1, TCN, TE, TEF, TEN, TF, TFC, TFN, TN



ITEM NO.	QTY	NAME OF PART
1	1	Slotted Headless Pipe Plug
2	1	Pipe Coupling
3	1	Pipe Nipple
4	1	Pipe Cap
5	1	Pipe Nipple
6	2	Cap and Jam Nut
7	1	Fan Cover Guard
8	3	Screw & Lockwasher
9	1	Grill
10	1	Vent Fan Assembly
11	1	Woodruff Key (Not used on frames 254T &256T
12	2	Screw
13	2	Stud & Nut
14	2	Screw (Qty 6 on frames 254T & 256T)
15	1	Bracket
16	4	Screw (Used only on frame 286T & 326T)
17	1	Air Deflector (Used only on frame 286T & 326T)
18	1	Ball Bearing
19	1	Bearing Cap
20	1	Key
21	1	Water Deflector

ITEM NO.	QTY	NAME OF PART
22	1	Slotted Headless Pipe Plug
23	1	Pipe Plug
24	2	Screw
25	4	Screw (Qty 8 on frames 286T & 326T)
26	1	Bracket (Not used on types TF)
27	4	Screw (Used only on frame 286T & 326T)
28	1	Air Deflector ((Used only on frame 286T & 326T)
29	1	Ball Bearing
30	1	Bearing Cap
31	1	Rotor Assembly (Includes items 31A & 31B)
31A	1	Motor Shaft
31B	1	Rotor Core
32	4	Screw
33	1	Outlet Box Cover
34	1	Gasket
35	4	Screw (Qty 2 on frames 254T & 256T)
36	1	Outlet Box Base
37	1	Gasket (Outlet Box Base)
38	1	Eyebolt
39	1	Wound Stator Assembly

WARNING:
Any disassembly or repair work on explosionproof motors will void the Underwriters Laboratories, Inc. label unless done by the manufacturer, or a facility approved by the Underwriters Laboratories, Inc. Refer to your nearest sales office for assistance.

BEARINGS:
Refer to motor nameplate for the bearing numbers.

PRICES:
Parts stocking distributors: refer to renewal parts numerical index. All Others: refer to your nearest parts distributor.

841 PLUS® Motors

Horizontal A.C. Motors, Totally Enclosed Fan Cooled

Horsepower: 1 – 200 HP

Frame Sizes: 143 – 447

Pole Designs: 2, 4, 6, 8

Design Voltages: 460 and 575 Volts at 60 Hz

Requirements: Meets or exceeds Energy Independence and Security Act of 2007 (EISA);
Meets or exceeds IEEE 841 Standard-2009;
Meets vibration requirements of GM7E-TA

Warranty: 5-year limited warranty

Product Overview and Options

Designed to exceed the industry's most stringent IEEE 841 standards, the U.S. MOTORS® brand 841 PLUS® motors are commonly used in severe duty environments for pumps, compressors, fans, blowers, and other material processing applications. These rugged motors are ideal for constant speed or inverter duty applications typically found in the petroleum, chemical, pulp and paper, wastewater, automotive and mining industries.

U.S. MOTORS brand 841 PLUS motors are rated NEMA Premium®† efficient. Low-loss silicon steel construction and streamlined design enables the motor to operate at lower temperatures resulting in lower energy costs. This motor is designed to operate in ambient temperatures of -30°C to 40°C, in altitudes of up to 1,000 meters above sea level and with NEMA Design B torque-current characteristics. Inertiaload acceleration capabilities for the 841 Plus motor meet the stringent requirements of NEMA MG 1-2009, Section 12.54.

Product Features:

- NEMA Premium®† efficient
- 1.15 Service Factor on sine wave power; 1.0 Service Factor on Inverter Duty
- Class B temperature rise at 1.0 Service Factor by resistance with sine wave power
- Class F insulation materials to increase motor life
- Exceeds NEMA MG1 Part 31 Inverter Duty
- Polyurea grease
- Stainless-steel nameplate
- Variable frequency drive or full voltage, across-the-line starting
- Ground on frame
- Division 2 suitable per NEC article 500 (NFPA 70)
- AFBMA bearing numbers on nameplate
- Protective coating on each rotor and shaft from bearing journal to bearing journal

Inverter Duty

Nidec Motor Corporation's patented inverter grade insulation system allows the U.S. MOTORS brand 841 PLUS motor to withstand spike and transient voltages induced by insulated bipolar gate transistor drives, making it fully compliant with NEMA MG-1, Part 31. This is made possible through:

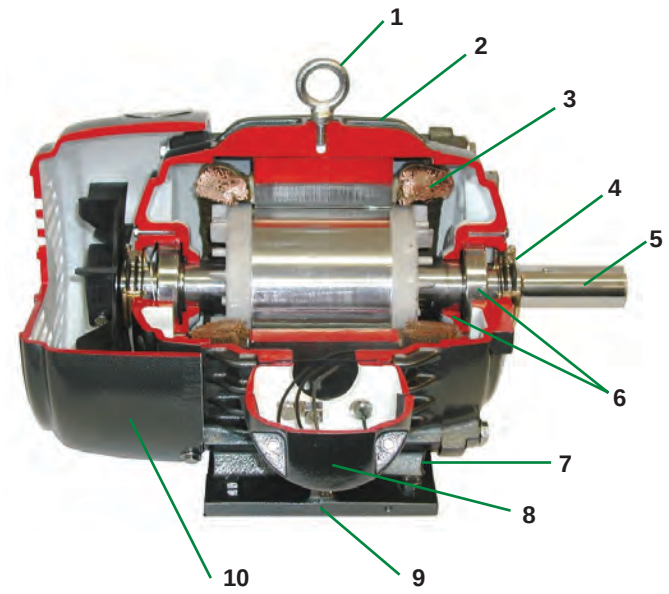
- Pulse-resistant magnetic wire that provides protection against high-voltage spikes
- Additional lacing on the end turns improve coil rigidity
- Multiple bake cycles to help prevent coil-to-coil circuits
- Phase paper to help prevent phase-to-phase arcs
- Adjustable frequency of 5:1 constant torque or 10:1 variable torque for the full product line.

841 PLUS®

Product Overview and Options *continued*

Typical 841 PLUS® Motor Construction:

1. Corrosion resistant zinc dichromate-plated hardware
2. Heavy duty cast-iron enclosure for long life and reduced vibration
3. Inverter grade insulation
4. Inpro/Seal™ "VBXX" on both ends provides IP56 protection and prolongs motor life by shielding bearings from contaminants in even the harshest environments
5. Special shaft runouts for ball bearing motors of 0.0010 inches for shafts up to 1.625 inches and 0.0015 inches for larger shafts.
6. Same size oversized bearings on each end. Cast iron inner bearing caps
7. Brass breather drains
8. Oversized, double-gasketed and rotatable conduit box to protect against contaminants and correctly position non-braided, non-wicking motor leads
9. Foot flatness machined to within 0.005 inch tolerance ensures easy installation and proper alignment
10. Corrosion-resistant mill and chemical duty paint capable of withstanding a 500-hour salt spray test



Options and Accessories

Nidec Motor Corporation offers the following custom-design options on the U.S. MOTORS brand 841 PLUS motor:

- SKF CARB™ roller bearings where applicable
- Horizontal or vertical mounting
- Vibration detectors
- Sealed insulation treatments, available on form wound, medium voltage motors above 200 HP, to help shield motor windings
- Winding and bearing thermal protection for motors 250 HP and up
- Inpro/Seal™ MGS grounding shaft rings
- API 661 Duty

841 Plus Stock Motors

- 1 – 200 HP
- 2, 4, 6 pole designs
- 460 and 575 Volts
- Constant or variable torque
- 1–10 HP C-Face Footless

Custom and Conversion Motors

- 1 – 500 HP
- 2, 4, 6, 8 pole designs
- 200, 230, 460, 575, 2300, 4000 Volts
- Constant or variable torque
- C & D flange kits available 140 – 440 frame

Testing and Inspection

Nidec Motor Corporation conducts extensive testing and inspections on each of its U.S. MOTORS brand 841 PLUS motors.

- No load current, power and speed
- High-potential test on stator windings
- Insulation resistance test by megohmeter and polarization index
- Precision balanced to typical vibration levels of less than 0.05 inches per second
- Optional complete test, including full load test

For additional information, please refer to our Full Line Standard Motor Catalog (FL600) or contact your Nidec Motor Corporation representative.

† All marks shown within this document are properties of their respective owners.

NIDEC MOTOR CORPORATION
8050 W. Florissant Avenue | St. Louis, MO 63136
Phone: 888-637-7333 | Fax: 866-422-7758

General Information for Integral Horsepower (IHP) Motors on Variable Frequency Drives (VFDs)

Variable Frequency Drives (VFD)

A VFD is a type of controller used to vary the speed of an electric motor. The VFD takes a fixed AC voltage and frequency and allows it to be adjusted in order to get different speeds from the motor. Motor speed can be varied by changing the frequency of the input power waveform. The equation below shows how the frequency affects the speed of a three phase induction motor.

$$\text{Speed} = \frac{120^* \text{ Fundamental Input Frequency}}{\text{Number of Motor Poles}}$$

How does a VFD work?

A VFD takes the fixed frequency and voltage sine wave from the power grid or power station and puts it through a few steps in order to allow the VFD user to vary the frequency and in turn control the motor speed. First it rectifies the AC power into DC Power. Because of this step, a term commonly used instead of VFD is inverter. This only describes one step of what the VFD does to the power waveform. Once rectified into a DC voltage the drive sends the power through a set of transistors or switches. These switches can take the DC waveform and by opening and closing at certain speeds and durations can create an output waveform that mimics the sine wave that is required to drive a three phase electric motor. The output wave form is known as a Pulse Width Modulation (PWM) waveform because the waveform is created by multiple pulses of the switches at short intervals.

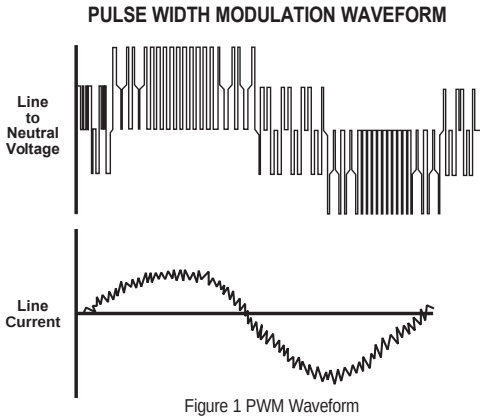


Figure 1 PWM Waveform

What variables should be considered when deciding whether to power a motor with a VFD?

VFD compatibility with motors is complex. As a result, many variables must be considered when determining the suitability of a particular motor for use with a VFD. These variables include:

- Torque requirements (Constant or Variable)
- Speed Range
- Line / System Voltage
- Cable length between the VFD and the motor
- Drive switching (carrier) frequency
- Motor construction
- VFD dv/dt - winding end turn differential in voltage versus differential in time
- High temperatures or high humidity
- Grouding system

Wider speed ranges, higher voltages, higher switching frequencies, insufficient grounding and increased cable lengths all add to the severity of the application and, therefore, the potential for premature motor failure.

How does a VFD affect the motor?

There are many things to consider when a motor is powered using a VFD or PWM power. When a motor is powered by a PWM waveform the motor windings very often see a large differential voltage, either from phase to phase or turn to turn. When the voltage differential becomes large enough it creates a reaction at the molecular level that converts available oxygen into O3. This phenomenon is called partial discharge or corona. This reaction creates energy in the form of light and heat. This energy has a corrosive effect on the varnish used to protect the motor windings. PWM waveforms can also magnify shaft voltages which lead to arcing across the bearing and causing premature bearing failure. Corrective action must be taken to mitigate these issues that arise when using an electric motor with a VFD.

How do I protect the motor?

Nidec Motor Corporation (NMC) has developed specific motor designs to decrease the harmful affects that a VFD can have on a motor. NMC's INVERTER GRADE® insulation system is the first line of defense against corona and phase to phase faults that can be common when a motor is powered using a PWM waveform. The INVERTER GRADE® insulation system is standard on all of NMC's Inverter Duty products. Along with the INVERTER GRADE® insulation, thermostats are installed as a minimum protection against over heating the motor. Special consideration must also be given to bearings in motors powered by VFD's. In order to create a low resistance path to ground for built up shaft voltages a shaft grounding device can be used. On larger horsepower motors an insulated bearing system should be used in conjunction with the shaft grounding device when installed, to force the stray shaft voltages to ground. The bearing failures are more prominent on motors with thrust handling bearings. NMC has created an Inverter Duty vertical motor line that not only uses the INVERTER GRADE® insulation system, but that also comes standard with a shaft grounding device. On motors that are 100 HP and greater the thrust bearing is also insulated for additional protection.

What does "Inverter Duty" mean?

An Inverter Duty motor should describe a motor that helps mitigate potential failure modes of a motor that is powered by a VFD. Inverter duty motor windings should be able to withstand the voltage spikes per NEMA MG1 Part 31.4.4.2 and protect against overheating when the motor is run at slow speeds. On thrust handling bearings it is apparent that the bearings require additional protection. Inverter Duty vertical motors should have a shaft grounding device to protect the motor bearings from fluting due to voltage discharge through the bearing. On larger motors (100HP and larger) the shaft should also be electrically isolated from the frame in order to aid the shaft grounding ring in discharging the shaft voltages to ground.

*This information applies only to Integral Horsepower (IHP) motors as defined on the Agency Approval page, under UL®† & CSA®† listings where indicated.

Motor / Inverter Compatibility

Thermal Overloads and Single Phase Motors

Motors with thermal overloads installed may not operate properly on a VFD. The current carrying thermal overload is designed for sine wave power. Operation on a VFD may cause nuisance tripping or potentially not protect the motor as would be expected on line power. Thermostats or thermistors installed in the motor and connected properly to the VFD may provide suitable thermal overload protection when operating on a VFD.
(consult codes for installation requirements)

Single phase motors and other fractional horsepower ratings are not designed to be operated on a VFD. Within Nidec Motor Corporation standard products, all motors NEMA®† 48 frame (5.5" diameter) and smaller are not suitable for VFD applications. Three phase 56 and 143/145 frame applications should be noted on the catalog price page; or if in doubt ask a Nidec Motor Corporation technical representative for recommendations on compatibility with a VFD.

Slow Speed Motors

Motors with a base design of slower than six poles require special consideration regarding VFD sizing and minimizing harmonic distortion created at the motor terminals due to cable installation characteristics. Additional external PWM waveform filters and shielded motor cables designed for PWM power may be required to provide acceptable motor life. Harmonic distortion on the output waveform should be kept to a minimum level (less than 10%) mismatch impedance.

690V Applications

Motors that are rated for 690VAC and that will be powered by 690VAC PWM VFDs require the use of an external filter to limit peak voltage spikes and the use of an INVERTER GRADE® motor. Where available, an alternative to using an output filter is to upgrade to a 2300V insulation system.

Low Voltage TITAN® Motors

When using 449 frame and larger motors on PWM type VFDs consider the use of an external filter and shielded motor cables designed for PWM power to minimize harmonic distortion and peak voltages at the motor terminals. Harmonic distortion on the output waveform should be kept to a minimum level (less than 10%).

Bearing Currents Related to PWM Waveforms

Protection of the motor bearings from shaft currents caused by common mode voltages is becoming a standard feature on Inverter Duty motor products. Some installations may be prone to a voltage discharge condition through the motor bearings called Electrical Discharge Machining (EDM) or fluting. Vertical HOLLOSHAFT and HOSTILE DUTY World Motor come with grounding devices installed as standard. EDM damage is related to characteristics of the PWM waveform, and the VFD programming, and installations factors.

Bearing Protection on Inverter Duty Vertical Motors
All U.S. MOTORS® brand "Inverter Duty" vertical products have a shaft grounding system that allows damaging shaft currents a low resistance path to ground. **Bearings on vertical motors fed by VFD power without this bearing protection are not covered under any warranty.** All other bearing failure is covered per NMC's standard warranty. An electric motor repair shop approved to service U.S. MOTORS® brand motors must verify that the cause of the bearing failure was not due to EDM damage.

Guideline For Insulated Anti-Friction Bearings

Bearing insulation is required to prevent circulating shaft currents which can damage bearings. Circulating shaft current can be caused by use of improper power and/or ground cables, improper grounding systems and higher switching frequencies. Finding and correcting the external condition(s) is the responsibility of the system designer or specifying engineer. To prevent circulating shaft current in motors with anti-friction bearings, Nidec Motor Corporation's standard practice is to insulate the non-drive end bearing.

Adjustable Speed Drives produce a common mode voltage condition. To interrupt common mode voltage on induction motors of all sizes, NEMA MG1-2018 Part 31 recommends insulating both bearings. In cases where both anti-friction bearings are insulated, the system designer or specifying engineer should determine whether to apply one or more of the following options to prevent or reduce shaft currents: sinewave filters, line reactors or mechanical devices, such as shaft grounding or an insulated half coupling. Motors with shaft grounding devices are not suitable for installation in hazardous locations unless housed in an enclosure suitable for the specified Division (or Zone), Class and Group(s).

Multiple Motors on a Single VFD

Special considerations are required when multiple motors are powered from a single VFD unit. Most VFD manufacturers can provide guidelines for proper motor thermal considerations and starting/stopping of motors. Cable runs from the VFD and each motor can create conditions that will cause extra stress on the motor winding. Filters may be required at the motor to provide maximum motor life.

Grounding and Cable Installation Guidelines

Proper output winding and grounding practices can be instrumental in minimizing motor related failures caused by PWM waveform characteristics and installation factors. VFD manufacturers typically provide detailed guidelines on the proper grounding of the motor to the VFD and output cable routing. Cabling manufacturers provide recommended cable types for PWM installations and critical information concerning output wiring impedance and capacitance to ground.

Integrated Motor and Inverter

By integrating the motor and inverter at NMC's manufacturing facility, many of the motor compatibility problems are minimized or eliminated. During the manufacturing process, the motor is matched to the inverter characteristics which ensures the winding temperature and torque levels meet the design specification. Since the inverter output wiring to the motor is nearly eliminated, bearing currents are rarely experienced. When the unit is properly grounded, reducing the output cable lengths in conjunction with an inverter grade insulation system and low factory setting of the switching frequency of the inverter drive, results in low risk of voltage peaks produced by the PWM waveform.

Vertical Motors on VFDs

Vertical motors operated on VFD power present unique conditions that may require consideration by the user or installation engineer:

- Locked rotor and drive tripping caused by non-reversing-ratchet operation at low motor speeds. It is not recommended to operate motors at less than 1/4 of synchronous speed. If slow speeds are required contact NMC engineering.
- Unexpected / unacceptable system vibration and or noise levels caused by the torque pulsation characteristics of the PWM waveform, a system critical frequency falling inside the variable speed range of the process or the added harmonic content of the PWM waveform exciting a system component
- Application related problems related to the controlled acceleration/deceleration and torque of the motor on VFD power and the building of system pressure/ load.
- The impact the reduction of pump speed has on the down thrust reflected to the pump motor and any minimum thrust requirements of the motor bearings
- Water hammer during shutdown damaging the non-reversing ratchet

Humidity and Non-operational Conditions

The possible build-up of condensation inside the motor due to storage in an uncontrolled environment or non-operational periods in an installation, can lead to an increased rate of premature winding or bearing failures when combined with the stresses associated with PWM waveform characteristics. Moisture and condensation in and on the motor winding over time can provide tracking paths to ground, lower the resistance of the motor winding to ground, and lower the Corona Inception Voltage (CIV) level of the winding.

Proper storage and maintenance guidelines are important to minimize the potential of premature failures. Space heaters or trickle voltage heating methods are the common methods for drying out a winding that has low resistance readings. **Damage caused by these factors are not covered by the limited warranty provided for the motor unless appropriate heating methods are properly utilized during non-operational periods and prior to motor start-up.**

NEMA®† Application Guide for AC Adjustable Speed Drive Systems: http://www.nema.org/stds/acadjustable.cfm#download

***** This information applies only to Integral Horsepower (IHP) motors as defined on the Agency Approval page, under UL®† & CSA®† listings where indicated.

Warranty Guidelines for Integral Horsepower (IHP)* Motors on Variable Frequency Drives

Warranty Guidelines

The information in the following section refers to the motor and drive application guidelines and limitations for warranty.

Hazardous Location Motors

Use of a variable frequency drive with the motors in this catalog, intended for use in hazardous locations, is only approved for Division1, Class I, Group D hazardous location motors with a T2B temperature code, with a limitation of 2:1 constant torque or 10:1 variable torque output. **No other stock hazardous location motors are inherently suitable for operation with a variable frequency drive.** If other requirements are needed, including non-listed Division 2, please contact your Nidec Motor Corporation territory manager to conduct an engineering inquiry.

575 Volt Motors

575 volt motors can be applied on Inverters when output filters are used. Contact the drive manufacturer for filter selection and installation requirements.

Applying INVERTER GRADE® Insulated Motors on Variable Frequency Drives (2, 4, 6 pole)

The products within this catalog labeled "Inverter Duty" or "Vector Duty" are considered INVERTER GRADE® insulated motors. INVERTER GRADE® motors exceed the NEMA®† MG-1 Part 31 standard. Nidec Motor Corporation provides a three-year limited warranty on all NEMA®† frame INVERTER GRADE® insulated motors and allows long cable runs between the motor and the VFD (limited to 400 feet without output filters). Cable distance can be further limited by hot and humid environments and VFD manufacturers cable limits. These motors may be appropriate for certain severe inverter applications or when the factors relating to the end use application are undefined (such as spares).

Nidec Motor Corporation's U.S. Motors® brand is available in the following INVERTER GRADE® insulated motors:

- Inverter Duty NEMA®† frame motors good for 20:1 Variable Torque & 5:1 Constant Torque, including Vertical Type RUSI (10:1 V.T.)
- Inverter Duty motors rated for 20:1 Constant Torque
- ACCU-Torq® and Vector Duty Motors with full torque to 0 Speed or 5000:1
- 841 Plus® NEMA®† Frame Motors

Applying Premium Efficient motors (that do not have INVERTER GRADE® insulation) on Variable Frequency Drives (2, 4, 6 pole)

Premium efficient motors without INVERTER GRADE insulation meet minimum NEMA®† MG-1, Section IV, Part 31.4.4.2. These motors can be used with Variable Frequency Drives (with a reduced warranty period) under the following parameters:

- On NEMA®† frame 447 and smaller motors, 20:1 speed rating on variable torque loads & 4:1 speed range on constant torque loads.
- On TITAN® 449 and larger frame motors, 10:1 speed rating on variable torque loads.
- On TITAN® frame motors, inquiry required for suitability on constant torque loads.

Cable distances are for reference only and can be further limited by hot and humid environments (refer to Table 1). Refer to specific VFD manufacturers cable limits. Refer to the Motor/ Inverter Compatibility page for special consideration of vertical motor bearings.

Table 1 - Cable Distances

Maximum Cable Distance VFD to Motor			
Switching Frequency	460 Volt	230 Volt	380 Volt
3 Khz	127 ft	400 ft	218 ft
6 Khz	90 ft	307 ft	154 ft
9 Khz	73 ft	251 ft	126 ft
12 Khz	64 ft	217 ft	109 ft
15 Khz	57 ft	194 ft	98 ft
20 Khz	49 ft	168 ft	85 ft

Warranty Period Clarifications and Exceptions

Standard Energy Efficient Exclusion

Applying Standard & Energy Efficient Motors on Variable Frequency Drives is not recommended. VFD related failures on standard and energy efficient motors will not be covered under warranty.

Vertical Motor Windings

Premium efficient vertical motors without INVERTER GRADE® insulation that are installed using the criteria described in this document and applied in the correct applications shall have a warranty while powered by a VFD for 12 months from date of installation or 18 months from date of manufacturing whichever comes first. See limited warranty page for horizontal motor warranty periods.

Bearing Exclusion for Thrust Handling Bearings

Bearings used in premium efficienct vertical motors, and all thrust handling bearings, that are powered by VFDs without shaft grounding devices or insulated bearings (when required) will not be covered under any warranty for damages caused from being powered by a VFD. All other bearing failure is covered per NMC's standard warranty. An electric motor repair shop approved to service U.S. MOTORS® brand motors must verify that the cause of the bearing failure was not due to Electrical Discharge Machining.

Medium Voltage and Slow Speed Considerations

Motors that are rated above 700 VAC or that are eight pole and slower require special consideration and installation and are not covered under the warranty guidelines in this document. Motors that are rated above 700VAC have special cable length and voltage differential issues that are specific to the VFD type and manufacture. The motor construction and cost may vary dramatically depending on the VFD topology and construction. Contact your NMC representative with VFD manufacturer name and model type for application and motor construction considerations. Motors that are designed eight pole and slower also require special installation and filters per the drive manufacturer.

* This information applies only to Integral Horsepower (IHP) motors as defined on the Agency Approval page, under UL®† & CSA®† listings where indicated.